DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY KUMAUN UNIVERSITY, NAINITAL

'FINAL DRAFT SYLLABUS' FOR B.Sc. BOTANY

[AS PER NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY-2020]

FACULTY OF SCIENCE
2022

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Semester-wise Titles of the Papers in B. Sc (Botany)									
Year	Semester	Course	Paper title	Theory/	Credits				
		Code	_	Practical					
	Certificate Course in Basic Botany								
First Year	I	BOT101T	Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes	Theory	4				
		BOT102P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
	II	BOT201T	Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms	Theory	4				
		BOT202P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
		Diplom	a Course in Developmental Botan	y					
Second Year	III	BOT301T	Morphology, Anatomy and Embryology	Theory	4				
		BOT302P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
	IV	BOT401T	Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding	Theory	4				
		BOT402P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
			Bachelor of Science						
Third Year	V	BOT501T	Molecular Biology and Plant Biotechnology	Theory	4				
		BOT502T	Economic Botany	Theory	4				
		BOT503 P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
		BOT504R	Project I-Local Plant Diversity	Practical	4				
	VI	BOT 601T	Physiology and Biochemistry	Theory	4				
		BOT602T	Ecology and Biostatistics	Theory	4				
		BOT603P	Practical/Lab course	Practical	2				
			Project II-Local Ecosystem Studies	Practical	4				

Minor elective courses (4 credits)					
First Year	I/II	PSME01T	Plant Science 1	Theory	4
Second Year	III/IV	PSME02T	Plant Science 2	Theory	4

Vocational/ skill enhancement courses (3 credits)					
	Bio-fertilizers	Theory	3		
	Herbal Technology	Theory	3		
	Nursery and Gardening	Theory	3		
BOT604R	Floriculture	Theory	3		
	Medicinal Botany	Theory	3		
	Conservation and Natural Resource Management	Theory	3		
	Ethnobotany	Theory	3		
	Mushroom cultivation	Theory	3		
	Intellectual Property Rights	Theory	3		

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Prof. & Head Deptt. of Botany D.S.B. Campus Kumaun University, Nalnital - 263001

	Year wise Structure of B.Sc. in Botany (Core/elective courses and Projects)										
Subject: Botany	у										
Course/ Entry-Exit level	Year	Semester	Paper-1	Credits/hrs	Paper-2	Credits/ hrs	Paper-3	Credits/hrs	Research project	Credits /hrs	Total Credits/hrs
Certificate Course in Basic Botany	I	I	Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes	4/60	Practical/ Lab course	2/60	-	-	-	-	6/120
		II	Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms	4/60	Practical/ Lab course	2/60	-	-	-	-	6/120
Diploma Course in Developmental	II	III	Morphology, Anatomy and Embryology	4/60	Practical/ Lab course	2/60	-	-	-	-	6/120
Botany		IV	Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding	4/60	Practical/ Lab course	2/60	-	-	-	-	6/120
Bachelor of Science	III	V	Molecular Biology and Plant Biotechnology	4/60	Economic Botany	4/60	Practical /Lab course	2/60	Project-I	4/60	14/240
		VI	Physiology and Biochemistry	4/60	Ecology and Biostatistics	4/60	Practical /Lab course	2/60	Project-II	4/60	14/240

COURSE INTRODUCTION

The new curriculum of B.Sc. in Science (Botany) offers essential knowledge and technical skills to study plants in a holistic manner. Students would be trained in all areas of plant biology using a unique combination of core, elective and vocational papers with significant inter-disciplinary components. Students would be exposed to cutting-edge technologies that are currently being used in the study of plant life forms, their evolution and interactions with other organisms within the ecosystem. Students would also become aware of the social and environmental significance of plants and their relevance to the national economy.

B.Sc. Botany Programme covers academic activities within the classroom sessions along with practical concepts at laboratory sessions. Infield, outstation activities and projects would also be organized for real-life experience and learning. Candidates who have curiosity in plants kingdom, ecosystem, love exploring exotic places and wish to work as researchers or professions like Botanist, Conservationist, Ecologist, etc. can choose B.Sc. Botany course.

Programme outcomes (POs):

Transformed curriculum shall develop educated outcome-oriented candidature, fostered with discovery- learning, equipped with practice & skills to deal practical problems and versed with recent pedagogical trends in education including e-learning, flipped class and hybrid learning to develop into responsible citizen for nation-building and transforming the country towards the future with their knowledge gained in the field of plant science.

PO1	CBCS syllabus with a combination of general and specialized education shall
	introduce the concepts of breadth and depth in learning.
PO2	Shall produce competent plant biologists who can employ and implement their
	gained knowledge in basic and applied aspects that will profoundly influence the
	prevailing paradigm of agriculture, industry, healthcare and environment to provide
	sustainable development.
PO3	Will increase the ability of critical thinking, development of scientific attitude,
	handling of problems and generating solutions, improve practical skills, enhance
	communication skill, social interaction, and increase awareness in judicious use of
	plant resources by recognizing the ethical value system.
PO4	The training provided to the students will make them competent enough for doing
	jobs in Govt. and private sectors of academia, research and industry along with
	graduate preparation for national as well as international competitive examinations,
	especially UGC-CSIR NET, UPSC Civil Services Examination, IFS, NSC, FCI,
	BSI, FRI etc.

PO5	Certificate and diploma courses are framed to generate self- entrepreneurship and self- employability, if multi exit option is opted.
PO6	Lifelong learning is achieved by drawing attention to the vast world of knowledge of plants and their domestication.

Programme specific objectives (PSOs): B.Sc. I Year Certificate Course in Basic Botany

- This certificate course will provide knowledge on various fields of basic Botany.
- The syllabus is prepared to enable students for competitive exams in frontier areas of plant sciences.
- Students will be able to know about habit, habitat, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of various plant groups.

Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. II Year/ Diploma Course in Developmental Botany

- This programme will provide knowledge on plant morphogenesis, anatomy embryology and plant genetics.
- Laboratory sessions following theory will provide easy understanding of internal structure of various plant parts, structural organization, reproductive biology and genetics.
- This course will help students to become a plant morphologist.

Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. III Year/ Bachelor of Science

- The three year learning outcome of graduation will provide understanding of plant systematic, economic botany, developmental biology, ecology, statistics, physiology, biochemistry.
- It will provide expertise in conservation biology and reproduction biology.
- After completing this course successfully students will be able to contribute in the field of plant sciences. The research project will help to develop research aptitude for higher education and scientific research.

DETAILED SYLLABUS OF B.Sc. I YEAR FOR CERTIFICATE COURSE IN BASIC BOTANY

Course	Year	Semester
Certificate Course in Basic Botany	B.Sc. I	I

Paper 1: Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes (Course code: BOT101T) Credit: 4

Course Outcome

- 1. Develop understanding about the classification and diversity of different microbes including viruses, Algae, Fungi & Lichens & their economic importance.
- 2. Develop conceptual skill about identifying microbes, pathogens, biofertilizers & lichens.
- 3. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of microbial products.
- 4. Learn host –pathogen relationship and disease management.
- 5. Gain Knowledge about uses of microbes in various fields.
- 6. Understand the structure and reproduction of certain selected bacteria algae, fungi and lichens
- 7. Develop critical understanding on morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Bryophytes.

Unit	Торіс	No. of			
		lectures/			
		hrs			
		(60)			
1	Microbes:	15			
	Viruses-discovery, general structure, replication (general account), DNA virus				
	(T-phage); Lytic and lysogenic cycle, RNA virus (TMV); economic				
	importance; bacteria-discovery, general characteristics and cell structure;				
	reproduction–vegetative, asexual and recombination (conjugation,				
	transformation and transduction); economic importance.				
2	Algae:	15			
	General characteristics; Range of thallus organization and reproduction;				
	classification of algae; morphology and life-cycles of: Nostoc,				
	Chlamydomonas, Oedogonium, Vaucheria, Sargassum, Polysiphonia;				
	economic importance of algae.				
3	Fungi:	15			
	Introduction-general characteristics, ecology and significance, range of somatic				
	thallus organization, cell wall composition, nutrition, reproduction and				
	classification (G.C. Ainsworth); life cycle of Stemonitis (Myxomycota)				

	Rhizopus (Zygomycota) Penicillium (Ascomycota), Puccinia, Agaricus	
	(Basidiomycota); Alternaria (Deutromycota), Symbiotic associations: Lichens-	
	General account, reproduction and significance; Mycorrhiza: ectomycorrhiza,	
	endomycorrhiza and their significance.	
4	Bryophytes:	15
4	Bryophytes: General characteristics, adaptations to land habit, classification (up to family),	15
4		15

- Barsanti, L. and Gualtieri, P. (2014). Algae: Anatomy, Biochemistry and Biotechnology, 2nd Edition. CRC/ Taylor & Francis, NY.
- Lee, R.E. (2018). Phycology, Fifth Edition. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- Marjorie, Kelly and Cowan, Heidi Smith. (2017). Microbiology: A Systems Approach. McGraw Hill New York, 5th edition.
- Pandey, S.N and Trivedi, P.S. (2015). A text book of Botany Vol.I Vikas publishingHouse Pvt/ Ltd, New Delhi.
- Parihar, N.S. (1991). An Introduction to Embryophyta Vol. I Bryophyta. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.
- Mehrotra, R.S. and K.R. Aneja. (1999). An Introduction to Mycology. New Age International Publisher.
- Pelczar M.J., Chan E.C.S and Kreig N.R. (1997). Microbiology. Tata MacGraw Hill.
- Raven, P.H., Johnson, G.B., Losos, J.B., Singer, S.R. (2005). Biology. Tata McGrawHill, Delhi, India.
- Robert Edward Lee. (2018). Phycology. Cambridge University Press, U.K. 5th edition.
- Sethi, I.K. and Walia, S.K. (2011). Text book of Fungi and Their Allies, MacMillan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- Sharma, O. P. (2011). Algae. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, U.K. 1st edition.
- Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R., Case, C.L. (2011). Microbiology: An Introduction, Pearson Benjamin Cummings, U.S.A. 13th edition.
- Vashishta, P.C., Sinha, A.K., Kumar, A. (2010). Bryophyta, S. Chand. Delhi, India.
- Webster, J. and Weber, R. (2007). Introduction to Fungi. Third Edition. Cambridge UniversityPress. Cambridge and New York.
- Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. and Woolverton, C.J. (2017). Prescott's Microbiology, 11th Edition, McGraw-Hill, USA.

Paper 2: Practical/ Lab course (Course code: BOT102P) Credit: 2

Course Outcome

- 1. Understand the instruments, techniques, lab etiquettes and practices for working in a microbiology laboratory.
- 2. Develop skills for identifying microbes and using them for Industrial, Agriculture and Environment purposes.

- 3. Practical skills in the field and laboratory experiments in Microbiology and Pathology.
- 4. Learn to identify algae, lichens and plant pathogens along with their symbiotic and parasitic associations.
- 5. Students would learn to create their small digital reports where they can capture the zoomed in and zoomed out pictures as well as videos in case they are able to find some rare structure or phenomenon related to Bryophytes.
- 6. Understand morphology, anatomy, reproduction and developmental changes therein through typological study and create a knowledge base in understanding diversity, economic values & taxonomy of bryophytes.

Unit	Торіс	No. of Lectures/ hrs (60)
1	EMs/Models of viruses – T-Phage and TMV, Line drawing/Photograph of	15
	Lytic and Lysogenic Cycle.	
	Types of Bacteria from temporary/permanent slides/photographs; EM of	
	bacterium; Binary Fission; Conjugation; Structure of root nodule; Gram staining technique	
2	Study of vegetative and reproductive structures of <i>Nostoc</i> , <i>Chlamydomonas</i>	15
	(electron micrographs), Oedogonium, Vaucheria, Sargassum and	
	Polysiphonia through temporary preparations and permanent	
	slides/specimens.	
3	Rhizopus and Penicillium: Asexual stages from temporary mounts.	15
	Alternaria: Specimens/photographs and tease mounts.	
	Puccinia: Herbarium specimens of Black Rust of Wheat and infected	
	Barberry leaves; section/tease mounts of spores on wheat and permanent	
	slides of both the hosts.	
	Agaricus: Specimens of button stage and full grown mushroom.	
	Lichens: Study of growth forms of lichens (crustose, foliose and fruticose).	
	Mycorrhiza: ecto mycorrhiza and endo mycorrhiza (Photographs).	
4	Riccia, Marchantia and Anthoceros: Morphology of thallus, rhizoids and	15
	scales, V.S. thallus through gemma cup, gemmae whole mount (all	
	temporary slides),	
	V.S antheridiophore, archegoniophore, L.S. sporophyte (all permanent	
	slides).	
	Funaria- Morphology, whole mount leaf, rhizoids, operculum, peristome,	
	annulus, spores (temporary slides); permanent slides showing antheridial	
	and archegonial heads, L.S capsule and protonema.	

- Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology, 2nd ed., vol. 1-3, Springer Verlag, New York, NY.
- Pandey, B.P. (2014). Modern Practical Botany Vol. I. S. Chand and Company Ltd. Ramnagar, New Delhi.
- Purohit, S.D., Kundra, G. K. and Singhvi, A. (2013). Practical Botany (part I). Apex Publishing House Durga Nursery Road Udaipur, Rajasthan.
- Sambamurty, A.V.S.S. (2006). A text book of Algae. I.K International Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd.

Course	Year	Semester
Certificate Course in Basic Botany	B.Sc. I	II

Paper 1: Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms (BOT201T)

Credit 4 Course Outcome

- 1. Develop critical understanding on morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms.
- 2. Understanding of plant evolution and their transition to land habitat.
- 3. To learn the major patterns of diversity among plants, and the characters and types of data used to classify plants.
- 4. To compare the different approaches to classification with regard to the analysis of data.
- 5. To become familiar with major taxa and their identifying characteristics, and to develop in depth knowledge of the current taxonomy of a major plant family.
- 6. To discover and use diverse taxonomic resources, reference materials, herbarium collections, publications.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures/
		hrs (60)
1	Pteridophytes	15
	General characteristics, classification (up to family) including The	
	Pteridophyte Phylogeny Group (PPG) classification, early land plants	
	(Rhynia); morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Selaginella, Equisetum	
	and Pteris; heterospory and seed habit, stelar evolution; ecological and	
	economic importance of Pteridophytes, Telome theory.	

2	Gymnosperms	15			
	General characteristics, classification (up to family), morphology, anatomy				
	and reproduction of Cycas, Pinus and Gnetum; ecological and economic				
	importance.				
3	Introduction to plant taxonomy	10			
	Identification, classification, nomenclature, functions of herbarium, important				
	herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India.				
	Important flora, botanical nomenclature (principles and rules (ICN); ranks and				
	names; binominal system, typification, author citation, valid publication,				
	rejection of names, principle of priority and its limitations).				
	Classification: Types of classification-artificial, natural and phylogenetic				
	Bentham and Hooker (upto series), Hutchinson classification and Angiosperm				
	Phylogeny Group (APG IV) classification.				
4	Taxonomy of plant families: Ranunculaceae, Malvaceae, Rutaceae,	20			
	Fabaceae, Apiaceae, Asteraceae, Solanaceae, Lamiaceae, Euphorbiaceae,				
	Orchidaceae and Poaceae.				

- Angiosperm Phylogeny Group (APG-2016). An update of the Angiosperm Phylogeny Group Classification for the orders and families of flowering plants: APG IV. Botanical Journal of the Linnaean Society 181: 1-20.
- Bhatnagar, S.P. and Moitra, A. (1996). Gymnosperms. New Age International (P) Ltd Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- Gangulee H.C., Kar, A.K. and Santra S.C. (2011). College Botany Vol II. 4th EditionNew Central Book Agency.
- Pandey, B.P. (2010). College Botany Vol II. S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, India.
- Parihar, N.S. (1976). Biology and Morphology of Pteridophytes. Central Book Depot.
- Parihar, N.S. (1991). An Introduction to Embryophyta. Vol. I. Bryophyta. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.
- Sambamurty, A.V.S.S. (2010). Taxonomy of Angiosperms. I.K. International Pvt. Ltd
- Saxena N.B. and Saxena S. (2012). Plant Taxonomy Pragati Prakashan.
- Sharma O.P. (2013). Plant Taxonomy. MC GRAW HILL INDIA.
- Sharma, O.P. (1990). Textbook of Pteridophyta. MacMillan India Ltd. Delhi.
- Singh, G. (2012). Plant Systematics: Theory and Practice. Oxford and IBH Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 3rd edition.
- The Pteridophyte Phylogeny Group (PPG Classification) (2016): A community –derived classification for extant lycophytes and ferns. Journal of Systematics and Evolution. 54(6): 563-603. Doi:10.1111/jse.12229
- Vashishta, P.C., Sinha, A.K. and Kumar, A. (2010). Gymnosperms, S. Chand and Company Ltd., Ramnagar, New Delhi, India.

- 1. The students will be made aware of the group of plants that have given rise to land habit and the flowering plants. Through field study they will be able to see these plants growing in nature and become familiar with the biodiversity.
- 2. Develop an understanding by observation and table study of representative members of phylogenetically important groups to learn the process of evolution in a broad sense.
- 3. Understand morphology, reproduction and developmental changes therein through typological study and create a knowledge base in understanding the basis of plant diversity, economic values and taxonomy of plants.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures/
		hrs (60)
1	Selaginella: Morphology, whole mount leaf with ligule, strobilus, microsporophyll and megasporophyll (temporary slides), T.S. stem, L.S. strobilus (permanent slide). Equisetum: Morphology, T.S. internode, L.S. strobilus, T.S and L.S. Strobilus, whole mount sporangiophore, spores (wet and dry) (temporary slides); T.S. rhizome (permanent slide). Pteris: Morphology, T.S rachis, V.S. sporophyll, whole mount sporangium and spores (temporary slides), T.S. rhizome, whole mount prothallus with sex organs and young sporophyte (permanent slide).	15
2	Cycas: Morphology (coralloid roots, bulbil, leaf), T.S. coralloid root and rachis, V.S. leaflet and microsporophyll, whole mount spores (temporary slides), L.S. ovule, T.S. root (permanent slide). Pinus: Morphology (long and dwarf shoots, male and female cones), T.S. needle and stem, L.S./T.S. male cone, whole mount microsporophyll and microspores (temporary slides), L.S. female cone, TLS and RLS stem (permanent slide).	15
3	Taxonomic Identification : Description of an angiospermic plant, study of vegetative and floral characters (description, V.S. flower, section of ovary, floral diagram/s, floral formula/e) and systematic position of the following families according to Bentham and Hooker's system of classification: Brassicaceae, Asteraceae, Solanaceae, Lamiaceae, and Liliaceae.	20

4	Herbarium techniques: Plant collection, preservation and mounting of	10
	two properly dried and pressed specimen of any wild plant with	
	herbarium label (to be submitted in the record book), digital/virtual	
	herbarium.	

- Pandey, B.P. (2014). Modern Practical Botany Vol. II. S. Chand and Company Ltd., NewDelhi.
- Bendre, A.M. and Kumar A. (2003). Manual of Practical Botany Vol. II. RastogiPublications, Meerut.
- Santra S.C. and Chatterjee (2005). College Botany Practical Vol. II New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd.

DETAILED SYLLABUS OF B.Sc. II YEAR OR DIPLOMA COURSE IN DEVELOPMENTAL BOTANY

Course	Year	Semester
Diploma Course in Developmental Botany	B.Sc. II	III

Paper 1: Morphology, Anatomy and Embryology

(Course code: BOT301T) Credit: 4

- 1. Understand morphology, anatomy and Embryology.
- 2. Understand role of tissues in plant functions.
- 3. Understand the composition, modifications, internal structure & architecture of plants.
- 4. Understand reproduction and developmental changes in plants.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures/
		hrs (60)
1	Meristematic and permanent tissues: Types of tissues, Root and	15
	shoot apical meristems, Theories related to apical meristem, simple,	
	complex and secretary tissues.	
	Organs : Structure of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaf, root stem	
	transition.	
4	Adaptive and protective systems: Epidermis, cuticle and stomata	15
	Secondary growth: Structure and function of Vascular cambium,	
	secondary growth in stem and roots (Sunflower, Beet root), abnormal	

	secondary growth (Monocot stem: Dracaena; Dicot stem: Achyranthes,		
	Amaranthus, Bignonia, Boerhaavia, Bougainvillea, Chenopodium,		
	Mirabilis, Nyctanthes, Salvadora)		
5	Pollination and fertilization: Pollination mechanisms and adaptation, 15		
	structure of anther and pollen, development of male and female		
	gametophytes, double fertilization.		
6	Embryo and endosperm: Types of ovules and embryo sacs;	15	
	embryo and endosperm; types of endosperm; dicot and monocot		
	embryo; apomixis and polyembryony.		

- Beck, C.B. (2010). An Introduction to Plant Structure and Development, II edition.
- Bhatnagar S.P, Dantu, P.K. Bhojwai S.S. (2018). The embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publ. House. New Delhi.
- Bhojwani, S.S. and Bhatnagar, S.P. (2010). The Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. ⁵th edition.
- Fosket, D.E. (1994). Plant, Growth and Development: A Molecular Approach, Academic Press.
- Hopkins, W.G. (2006). The Green World: Plant Development, Chelsea House Publication.
- Johri, B.M. (1984). Embryology of Angiosperms. Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
- Leins, P., Tucker, S.C. and Endress, P.K. (1988). Aspects of floral development. J. Cramer. Germany.
- Maheshwari, P. (1971). An Introduction to Embryology of Angiosperms. McGraw Hill Book Co. London.
- Pandey, B.P. (2001) Plant Anatomy. S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- Raghwan, (1997). Molecular embryology of flowering plants. Cambridge Univ. Press. Cambridge.
- Sharma, M.K. (2013) Plant Structures (An Introduction to Plant Anatomy). VayuEducation of India.
- Sharma, P.C. (2017). Text Book of Plant Anatomy. Arjun Publishing House.
- Shivanna, K.R. (2003). Pollen Biology and Biotechnology, Science Publishers. Verlag.

Credits: 02

Course outcomes:

- 1. Understand cell structure in monocot and dicot plants.
- 2. Understand cell structure, secondary growth and adaptive anatomy in plants.
- 3. Understand the pollination and seed dispersal mechanism.
- 4. Study the structure of ovules and female gametophytes.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Study of meristems through permanent slides and photographs.	15
	Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma), complex and	
	secretary tissues. Anatomy of monocot and dicot Stem; monocot and	
	dicot leaf; monocotand dicot root	
2	Adaptive anatomy: Xerophytes, Hydrophytes, Epiphytes	15
	Normal and abnormal secondary growth in different plants	
3	Pollination types and seed dispersal mechanisms (photographs and	15
	specimens)	
4	Structure of anther (young and mature).	15
	Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous,	
	amphitropous, campylotropous.	
	Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monosporic) type of embryo sac	
	development (permanent slides/photographs)	
	Ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus cells through electron micrographs (permanent slides/photographs)	

Suggested readings

- Pandey, B.P. (2014). Modern Practical Botany Vol. II. S. Chand and Company Ltd. Ramnagar, New Delhi.
- Pandey, B.P. (2001). Plant Anatomy. S. Chand and Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, NewDelhi.
- Sundara, R.S. (2002). Practical Manual Anatomy and Embryology. Anmol Publisher, New Delhi.

Course	Year	Semester
Diploma Course in	B.Sc. II	IV
Developmental Botany		

Paper 1: Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding (course code: BOT401 T)

Credit 4 Course outcomes:

- 1. Understand the structure and chemical composition of chromatin and concept of cell division.
- 2. Interpret the Mendel's principles; acquire knowledge on cytoplasmic inheritance and sex-linked inheritance.
- 3. Understand the plant breeding systems and heterosis and mutation in plant breeding.

Unit	Торіс	No. of Lectures (60
1	II	hrs)
1	Heredity: (Pre-mandelian genetics, brief life history of Mendel, laws of	15
	Inheritance, modified mandelian ratios, lethal genes, co-dominance,	
	incomplete dominance, chi square, pedigree analysis, multiple allelism,	
	chromosome theory of inheritance, sex-determination and sex-linked	
	inheritance, cytoplasmic inheritance	
	Linkage and crossing over: Linkage: concept and history, complete	
	and incomplete linkage, bridges experiment, coupling and repulsion,	
	recombination frequency, linkage maps based on two and three factor	
	crosses.	
2	Crossing over: Concept and significance, cytological proof of crossing	15
	over; mutations and chromosomal aberrations (types of mutations,	
	effects of physical and chemical mutagens, numerical chromosomal	
	changes: euploidy, polyploidy and aneuploidy; structural chromosomal	
	changes: deletions, duplications, inversions and translocations).	
3	Plant breeding: introduction and objectives; breeding systems,	15
	important achievements and undesirable consequences of plant	
	breeding); methods of crop improvement; centres of origin and	
	domestication of crop plants, plant genetic resources; acclimatization;	
	selection methods.	
4	Hybridization: for self, cross and vegetatively propagated plants –	15
	procedure, advantages and limitations; inbreeding depression and	
	heterosis (history, genetic basis of inbreeding depression and heterosis;	
	applications); crop improvement and breeding (role of mutations;	
	polyploidy; distant hybridization and role of biotechnology in crop	
	improvement).	

- Alberts, B., Bray, D., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K. and Watson, J.D. (2014). Molecular Biology of the Cell. Garland Publishing Inc., New York. 6th edition.
- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J. and Snustad, D.P. (1991). Principles of Genetics, John Wiley & Sons.
- Hartwell, L.H., Hood, L., Goldberg, M.L., Reynolds, A.E., Silver, L.M., Veres, R.C. (2006). Genetics-From Genes to Genomes, McGraw Hill
- Lewin, B. (2008). Genes IX, Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, S.L., Maztsudaira, P., Baltimore, Dand Darnell, I. (2016). Molecular Cell Biology (8th Edition). W.H. Freeman and Co., New York, USA.
- Rastogi, V.B. (2019). Genetics. 4th Edition. MEDTECH: A Division of Scientific International.
- Russel P. J. (2010). Genetics-A Molecular Approach, Pearson Education Inc.
- Singh R. J. (2002). Plant Cytogenetics, CRC Press.
- Singh, B.D. (2005). Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers. 7th edition.
- Strickberger M.W. (2008). Genetics, Pearson (Prentice Hall).
- Watson, J.D. (2013). Molecular Biology of the Genes, Banjamin. 7th Edition.

Paper 2: Practical/Lab Course (Course code: BOT402 P)

Credit 4: Course outcomes

- 1. Interpret the Mendel's principles; and understand the monohybrid and dihybrid crosses andtheir ratio and chromosomal changes.
- 2. Learn the basic structure and function of cells and instruments used in molecular biology.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Mendel's laws through seed ratios. Laboratory exercises in probability	15
	and chi-square.	
	Monohybrid cross (dominance and incomplete dominance)	
	Dihybrid cross and gene interactions.	
	Pedigree analysis for dominant and recessive autosomal and sex linked	
	traits.	
	Incomplete dominance and gene interaction through seed ratios (9:7,	
	9:6:1, 13:3, 15:1, 12:3:1, 9:3:4).	
	Contribution of Mendel.	

2	Study of aneuploidy: Down's, Klinefelter's and Turner's syndromes	15
	through photographs.	
	Photographs/permanent slides showing translocation ring, laggards and	
	inversion bridge.	
3	Hybridization techniques - Emasculation, Bagging (For demonstration only). Induction of polyploidy in plants (For demonstration only).	15
4	Techniques used for Crop Improvement.	15
	Contribution of Dr. M.S. Swaminathen, T.S. Venkataraman, B.P. Pal, Dharampal Singh, V. Santhanam in plant breeding.	

• Singh, R.J. (2021). Practical Manual on Plant Cytogenetics. CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, Routledge.

DETAILED SYLLABUS OF B. Sc III YEAR OR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

Course	Year	Semester
Bachelor of Science	B.Sc. III	V

Paper 1: Cell and Molecular Biology, and Biotechnology (Course code: BOT501T)

Credit 4

- 1. Understand cell structure, nucleic acids, organization of DNA in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, DNA replication mechanism, genetic code and transcription process.
- 2. Know about processing and modification of RNA and translation process, function and regulation of expression.
- 3. Understand the basic tools and techniques used in Plant tissue culture.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Cell Biology: The cell theories, prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, cell	18
	organelles (Mitochondria, Chloroplast, ER, golgi body, lysosomes,	
	peroxisomes, glyoxisomes, nucleus, chromatin; DNA packaging in	
	eukaryotes, euchromatin and heterochromatin, nucleolus and ribosome	
	structure), cell membrane and cell wall; models of membrane structure,	
	cell cycle (overview of cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis, molecular	
	controls).	

2	Molecular Biology: Genetic material (DNA: Miescher to Watson and	18
	Crick- historic perspective, Griffith's and Avery's transformation	
	experiments, Hershey-Chase bacteriophage experiment, DNA structure,	
	types of DNA, types of genetic material); DNA replication (Prokaryotes);	
	Transcription (Prokaryotes) Types of structures of RNA (mRNA, tRNA,	
	rRNA); Translation (Prokaryotes), Regulation of gene expression	
	(Prokaryotes: Lac operon and Tryptophan operon).	
3	Plant tissue culture: Culture types on the basis of explants and media	12
	composition, General lab setup and instrumentation, micropropagation,	
	brief account of protoplast culture, somatic embryogenesis with their	
	applications.	
4	Recombinant DNA techniques: Blotting techniques: Northern, Southern	12
	and Western Blotting, Molecular DNA markers i.e. RAPD, RFLP, SNPs,	
	PCR, hybridoma and monoclonal antibodies, ELISA and	
	Immunodetection.	

- Alberts, B., Johnson, A.D., Lewis, J., Morgan, D., Raff, M. and Roberts, K. (2014). MolecularBiology of the Cell. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, USA.; 1464 pages
- Berk, A., Kaiser, C.A., Lodish, H., Amon, A., Ploegh, H, Bretscher (Author), Monty Krieger, A., Martin, K.C. (Eds). (2016) Molecular Cell Biology. Freeman & Co., USA.
- Brown, T. A. (2017). Genomes 4. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, USA.
- Buchanan, B.B., Gruissem, W. and Jones, R.L (2015). Biochemistry and molecular biology of plants. Wiley Publisher; pages: 1264p
- Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. 8th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6th Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.

Paper 2: Economic Botany (Course code: BOT502T) Credit: 4

Course outcomes

1. Know about the importance of medicinal plants and its useful parts, economically important plants in our daily life and also about the traditional medicines and herbs, and its relevance in modern times.

Unit	Topic	No. of
	-	Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Origin of cultivated plants (concept of centres of origin, their importance	15
	with reference to Vavilov's work)	
2	A brief knowledge of botany and commercial utilization and uses of the	15
	following plants:	
	Cereals and millets- Wheat, Rice and Maize, Ragi, Pearl millet.	
	Sugar yielding plants- Sugarcane and Sugar beet.	
	Fruits- Mango, Apple, Banana, Citrus and Litchi.	
	Fibers- Cotton, Jute, Hemp, Coir, Agave and Semal.	
	Vegetables- Root vegetables stem vegetables and fruit vegetables.	
	Timbers- Teak, Shisham, Sal, Chir and Deodar.	
3	Oils, Beverages, Fumitories, masticatories, Spices and Condiments	15
	Medicinal plants- Aconitum, Atropa, Cinchona, Rauwolfia, Ephedra,	
	Withania, and Alovera.	
	Bioprospects of medicinal plants.	
4	Lesser known plants of Uttarakhand and their economic importance	15
	(Jhangora- Barnyard Millet, Koni- Foxtail millet, Jakhya, Bhangjeera,	
	Tarur,)	
	Wild edible plants of Uttarakhand: Kilmora, Hisalu, Ghigaru, Kafal,	
	Timla, Bedu, Jamun, Lingura, Kachnar, Bichhu-Ghas.	
	Conservation of traditional crops: Role of organizations (NBPGR,	
	CIMAP, ICAR, VPKAS, GBPUAT)	

Suggested readings

- Kochhar, S.L. (2011). Economic Botany in the Tropics, MacMillan Publishers India Ltd., New Delhi. 4th edition.
- Kochhar, S.L. (2016). Economic Botany: A comprehensive study, Fifth edition, Cambridge University Press, NY.
- Pandey, B.P. (1999). Economic Botany. S. Chand, New Delhi.
- Singh, H.B. and R.K. Arora. (1978). Wild edible plants of India (1st ed.). ICAR Publication, New Delhi.
- Wickens, G.E. (2004). Economic Botany: Principles and Practices, Springer, ISBN 978-0-7923-6781-9.

- 1. Know about the commercial products produced from plants.
- 2. Understand about the ethno-botanical details of plants.
- 3. Learn about the chemistry of plants and herbal preparations.

Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures
1	Structure of prokaryotic cells (bacteria), viruses, eukaryotic cells with the help of light and electron micrographs.	(60 hrs) 15
	Study of the photomicrographs of cell organelles, structure of plant cell through temporary mounts.	
	Study of mitosis and meiosis (temporary mounts and permanent slides).	
	Demonstration of the effect of temperature, organic solvent on semi	
	permeable membrane.	
	Study of plasmolysis, deplasmolysis, Endo- and Exo-osmosis.	
2	Instruments and equipments used in molecular biology	15
	The cell size measurements (either length or breadth/diameter) by micrometry.	
	Study the structure of nuclear pore complex by photograph (from Gerald	
	Karp) Study of special chromosomes (polytene and lampbrush) either by	
	slides or photographs. Study DNA packaging by micrographs.	
	Preparation of the karyotype and ideogram from given photograph of somatic	
	metaphase chromosome.	
3	Study of economically important plants:	15
	Cereals: Wheat, Rice, Maize	
	Millets: Fingermillet, Foxtail, Ragi	
	Pulses: Gram, Green gram, Pea, Pigeon pea, Soyabean, Chick pea	
	Timbers: Shisam, Sal, Teak, Deodar, Pine	
	Medicinal plants: Dhatura, Berginia, Hedychium, Poppy, Basil, Barberry Beverages: Tea, Coffee	
	Oils: Mustard, Seseame, Coconut, Linseed, Groundnut, Castor, Laung, Sandal	
	wood, Mentha	
	Spices: Coriander, Cardmum, Curcuma, Cinamom, Laung, Cumin, Thyme,	
	Nigella, Cinamom leaf.	
	Fibers: Jute, Coconut, Hemp, Urtica, Cotton	
	Wild edible plants:	
	Sugars and starch yielding plants: Sugarcane, Potato, Beet root Fruits and vegetables cultivated in the area.	
	Gums and Resins.	

- Bhojwani, S.S. and Razdan, M.K., (1996). Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice. Elsevier Science Amsterdam. The Netherlands.
- Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. (2003). Molecular Biotechnology- Principles and Applications of recombinant DNA. ASM Press, Washington.
- Kochhar, S.L. (2016). Economic Botany: A comprehensive study, Fifth edition, Cambridge University Press, NY.
- Pandey, B.P. (1999). Economic Botany. S. Chand, New Delhi.
- Wickens, G.E. (2004). Economic Botany: Principles and Practices, Springer, ISBN 978-0-7923-6781-9.

Paper 4: Project in Botany for Pre-graduation (Course code: BOT504R) Credit: 4

(Based on Local Plant Diversity)

Course	Year	Semester
Bachelor of Science	B.Sc. III	VI

Paper 1: Plant Physiology and Biochemistry (BOT601T)

Credit: 4

- 1. Understand the role of physiological and metabolic processes for plant growth and development.
- 2. Learn the symptoms of mineral deficiency in crops and their management.
- 3. Assimilate knowledge about Biochemical constitution of plant diversity.
- 4. Know the role of plants in development of natural products, nutraceuticals, dietary supplements, antioxidants.

5.		
Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Plant-water relations: Importance of water, water potential and its	18
	components; transpiration and its significance; factors affecting	
	transpiration; root pressure and guttation.	
	Mineral nutrition: Essential elements, macro and micronutrients; criteria	
	of essentiality of elements; role of essential elements; transport of ions	
	across cell membrane, active and passive transport, carriers, channels and	
	Pumps.	

2	Photosynthesis: (photosynthetic Pigments (Chl a, b, xanthophylls, carotene); photosystem I and II, electron transport and mechanism of ATP synthesis; C ₃ , C ₄ and CAM pathways of carbon fixation; photorespiration). Respiration (glycolysis, anaerobic respiration, TCA cycle; oxidative phosphorylation, glyoxylate cycle).	18
3	Nitrogen metabolism: Biological nitrogen fixation; nitrate and ammonia assimilation. Plant growth regulators: Discovery and physiological roles of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ABA, ethylene.	12
4	Biochemistry: General introduction to carbohydrates, lipids and proteins. Enzymes (structure and properties; mechanism of enzyme catalysis and enzyme inhibition, factors affecting enzyme action).	12

- Bajracharya, D., (1999). Experiments in Plant Physiology- A Laboratory Manual. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Buchanan, B., Gruissem, G. and Jones, R. (2000). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants, American Society of Plant Physiologists, USA.
- Davies P J. (2004). Plant Hormones: Biosynthesis, Signal Transduction, Action. 3rd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publisher, Dordrecht, The Netherlands.
- Hopkins, W.G., Huner, N.P., (2009). Introduction to Plant Physiology. John Wiley and Sons, U.S.A. 4th Edition.
- Nelson, D.L., and Cox, M.M. (2008). *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry* (5th ed.). W.H.Freeman & Co., New York.
- Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., (2014). Plant Physiology. Sinauer Associates Inc., U.S.A. 6th Edition.

Paper 2: Ecology and Biostatistics (Course code: BOT602T) Credit: 4

- 1. Acquaint the students with complex interrelationship between organisms and environment;
- 2. Make them understand methods for studying vegetation, community patterns and processes, ecosystem functions, and principles of phytogeography.
- 3. Understanding the strategies for sustainable natural resource management and biodiversity conservation.
- 4. Practical knowledge of the different statistics tools and techniques.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Ecological factors:	12
	Soil (Origin, formation, composition, soil profile)	
	Plant adaptation in relation to water (Hydrophytes and xerophytes),	
	light (Sciophytes and heliophytes) and temperature	
	Pollution: Water, Soil and Radioactive.	
2	Ecosystem: Types, structure, energy flow, trophic organization, food	18
	chains and food webs, ecological pyramids.	
	Biogeochemical cycles: Cycling of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous.	
	Population: Characteristics, Growth curves, Ecotypes and Ecads	
	Plant communities: Characteristics, plant succession, Biological	
	spectrum	
	Biodiversity conservation	
3	Biostatistics: Definition and scope of statistics, sampling techniques,	18
	representation of data: tabular, graphical etc	
	Measures of central tendency: Arithmetic mean, mode, median.	
4	Measures of dispersion: range, mean deviation, variation, standard	12
	deviation;	
	Chi-square test for goodness of fit	
	Regression analysis	

- Banerjee, P.K. (2006). Introduction to Biostatistics. S. Chand and Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi.
- Chapman, J.L. and Reiss, M.J. (2003). Ecology: Principles and Applications. Second Edition. Cambridge University Press, UK. ISBN 0 521 58802 2. 335 pages.
- Odum, E.P. (2011). Fundamental of Ecology. 5th Edition. Saunders. ISBN 9780030584145. 613 pages.
- Rastogi, V.B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtech, 3rd Edition.
- Real, L.A. and Brown, J.H. (Eds.) (1991). Foundations of Ecology: Classic Papers with Commentaries. The University of Chicago Press. ISBN-10 0-226-70594-3. 904 pages.
- Sharma, P.D. (2010) Ecology and Environment. Rastogi Publications, Meerut, India. 8th edition.
- Shukla, R.S. and Chandel P.S. (2005). A text book of Plant Ecology. S. Chand and Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi.
- Singh, J.S. Singh S.P. and Gupta, S.R. (2014). Ecology, Environment and Resource Conservation. S. Chand and Compony Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

- 1. Understand the role of different physiological and metabolic processes of plants.
- 2. Gaining practical knowledge implemented in the biodiversity assessment and conservation.
- 3. Practical knowledge of the different statistics tools and techniques.

Unit	Торіс	No. of Lectures (60
		hrs)
1	Demonstration of process of diffusion, osmosis and plasmolysis	18
	Demonstration of transpiration in dorsivental leaf by four leaf and cobalt	
	chloride method.	
	Determination of rate of transpiration by Ganong's/Farm potometer.	
	Demonstration of the effect of light intensity and bicarbonate	
	concentration on O ₂ evolution in photosynthesis by Wilmott's bublar	
	Determination of R.Q of different respiratory substrates by Ganong's	
	respirometer	
	Demonstration of anaerobic respiration in germinating seeds.	
2	Test of carbohydrates, proteins and fats.	12
3	Observation and study of different ecosystems mentioned in the	18
	syllabus.	
	Study of instruments used to measure microclimatic variables: Soil	
	thermometer, maximum and minimum thermometer, rain gauge and lux	
	meter.	
	Determination of pH, and analysis of soil samples for soil moisture,	
	organic carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus.	
	Comparison of bulk density, porosity and rate of infiltration of water in	
	soil of three habitats.	
	Study of ecological adaptations in hydrophytes and xerophytes.	
	Study of biotic interactions of stem parasite (Cuscuta), root parasite	
	(Orobanche), epiphytes, predation (insectivorous plants) through	
	specimen or diagrams.	
	Determination of minimum quadrat size for the study of herbaceous	
	vegetation by species area curve method (species to be listed).	
	Quantitative analysis of herbaceous vegetation in the college campus for	
	frequency, density, abundance and A/F ratio.	
	Population structure study of dominant tree species of the locality.	

4	Analysis of statistical data: mean, median and mode by analyzing the	12
	given data of individual, discrete and continuous series, standard error	
	and deviation	
	Numerical based on correlation coefficient	
	Numerical based on chi square value	
	Representation of data by making graphs and diagrams etc.	
	Comment upon given graphs, diagrams etc.	

- Plummer, D.T. (1996). An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 3rd edition.
- Zar, J.H. (2012). Biostatistical Analysis. Pearson Publication. U.S.A. 4th edition.

Paper 4: Project in Botany for Pre-graduation (Course code: BOT604R) Credits: 04 (Based on Local Ecosystem studies)

Minor Elective Courses in Botany

Paper 1: Plant Science 1 (Course code: PSME01T) Credit: 4

Course Outcome

- 1. Develop understanding about the classification and diversity of different microbes including viruses, Algae, Fungi & Lichens & their economic importance.
- 2. Gain knowledge about uses of microbes in various fields.
- 3. Understand the structure and reproduction of certain selected bacteria algae, fungi and lichens
- 4. Develop critical understanding on morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Bryophytes, Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms.
- 5. Understand the basic concepts of plant taxonomy
- 6. Understand morphology, anatomy and embryology.

Unit	Торіс	Credits
1	Microbes: General characteristics and economic importance of bacteria and viruses. Algae: General characteristics; range of thallus, reproduction and economic importance Fungi: General characteristics, reproduction, ecology and significance.	1
2	Bryophytes: General characteristics, adaptations to land habit, reproduction and economic importance of bryophytes. Pteridophytes: General characteristics, ecological and economic importance of Pteridophytes.	1
3	Gymnosperms: General characteristics, ecological and economic importance. Introduction to plant taxonomy: Identification, classification, nomenclature, functions of herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India.	1
4	Plant Embryology: Embryo, Types of ovules and embryo sacs; endosperm; types of endosperm; dicot and monocot embryo, pollination, fertilization. Plant Anatomy: Types of tissues, Root and shoot apical meristems, simple, complex and secretary tissues, structure of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaf.	1

Paper 2: Plant Science II (Course code: PSME02T) Credit: 4

Course Outcome

- 1. Understand the basic biochemical and physiological process in plants.
- 2. Understand the basic of plant tissue culture techniques used in molecular biology.
- 3. Understand the concept of biodiversity and its conservation and global warming.
- 4. Learn the concepts of mendelian genetics, plant breeding methods, crop evolution and uses of plants.

S.No.	Topics	Credit
1	Plant Physiology and Biochemistry: Photosynthesis, respiration, nitrogen	
	fixation, carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and secondary metabolites.	1
2	Plant Biotechnology: Plant tissue culture, recombinant DNA technology and	1
	techniques used in molecular biology.	

3	Biodiversity and Conservation: Species, population, species interaction,	1
	ecosystem, ecological succession, environment pollution, biodiversity, In situ	
	and ex situ conservation, International Union for Conservation of Nature	
	(IUCN), and Climate change and its consequence.	
4	Plant Breeding and Utilization: Mendelian principles, plant breeding	1
	methods, and evolution of major crop plants, economics and utilization of plant	
	resources.	

Vocational/Skill Enhancement Courses in Botany

i) Bio-fertilizers Credit: 3

- 1. Develop conceptual skill about identifying microbes, and bio-fertilizers.
- 2. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of bio-fertilizers.

Unit	Торіс	No. of lecturers/ hrs (45)
1	General account about the microbes used as biofertilizer – <i>Rhizobium</i> – isolation, identification, mass multiplication, carrier based inoculants, Actinorrhizal symbiosis.	10
2	Azospirillum: isolation and mass multiplication — carrier based inoculant, associative effect of different microorganisms. Azotobacter: classification, characteristics — crop response to Azotobacter inoculum, maintenance and mass multiplication Cyanobacteria (blue green algae), Azolla and Anabaena azollae association, nitrogen fixation, factors affecting growth, blue green algae and Azolla in rice cultivation	15
3	Mycorrhizal association, types of mycorrhizal association, taxonomy, occurrence and distribution, phosphorus nutrition, growth and yield – colonization of VAM – isolation and inoculum production of VAM, and its influence on growth and yield of crop Plants	10

4	Organic farming – Green manuring and organic fertilizers,	10
	Recycling of biodegradable municipal, agricultural and Industrial	
	wastes - biocompost making methods, types and method of	
	vermicomposting – field Application.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Dubey, R.C. (2005). A Text Book of Biotechnology. S.Chand and Co, New Delhi.
- John Jothi Prakash, E. (2004). Outlines of Plant Biotechnology. Emkay Publication, New Delhi.
- Kumaresan, V. (2005). Biotechnology, Saras Publications, New Delhi.
- Sathe, T.V. (2004). Vermiculture and Organic Farming. Daya Publishers.
- Subha Rao, N.S. (2000). Soil Microbiology, Oxford and IBH Publishers, New Delhi.
- Vayas, S.C, Vayas, S. and Modi, H.A. (1998). Bio-fertilizers and organic Farming. Akta Prakashan, Nadiad.

ii) Herbal Technology

Credit: 3

- 1. Develop conceptual skill about traditional Indian medicinal system, herbal medicines, their processing, storage and marketing.
- 2. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of herbal medicines.
- 3. Learn the basic tools and techniques for phytochemical analysis and propagation of the medicinal plants.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		lecturers/
		hrs
		(45)
1	Herbal medicines: history and scope - definition of medical terms -	10
	role of medicinal plants in Siddha systems of medicine; cultivation -	
	harvesting - processing - storage - marketing and utilization of	
	medicinal plants.	
2	Pharmacognosy - systematic position medicinal uses of the following	15
	herbs in curing various ailments; Tulsi, Ginger, Fenugreek, Indian	
	Goose berry and Ashoka.	
	Phytochemistry - active principles and methods of their testing -	
	identification and utilization of the medicinal herbs; Catharanthus	
	roseus (cardiotonic), Withania somnifera (drugs acting on nervous	
	system), Clerodendron phlomoides (anti-rheumatic) and Centella	
	asiatica (memory booster).	

3	Analytical pharmacognosy: Drug adulteration - types, methods of	10
	drug evaluation - Biological testing of herbal drugs - Phytochemical	
	screening tests for secondary metabolites (alkaloids, flavonoids,	
	steroids, triterpenoids, phenolic compounds).	
4	Medicinal plant banks micro propagation of important species	10
	(ashwagandha, neem and tulsi- Herbal foods-future of	
	pharmacognosy).	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Arber, A. (1999). Herbal plants and Drugs. Mangal Deep Publications.
- Chopra, R.N., Nayar S.L. and Chopra, I.C. (1956). Glossary of Indian Medicinal Plants, C.S.I.R, New Delhi.
- Green, A. (2000). Principles of Ayurveda, Thomsons, London.
- Kokate, C.K. (1999). Pharmacognosy, Nirali Prakashan.
- Miller, L. and Miller, B. (1998). Ayurveda and Aromatherapy. Banarsidass, Delhi.
- Sivarajan V.V. and Balachandran I. (1994). Ayurvedic drugs and their plant source. Oxford IBH publishing Co.

iii) Nursery and Gardening

Credit: 3

- 1. Develop conceptual of nursery and gardening.
- 2. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of nursery.

Unit	Topic	No. of lecturers/ hrs (45)
1	Nursery: definition, objectives and scope and building up of infrastructure for nursery, planning and seasonal activities - Planting - direct seeding and transplants. Seed: Structure and types - Seed dormancy; causes and methods of breaking dormancy-Seed storage: Seed banks, factors affecting seed viability, genetic erosion – Seed production technology - seed testing and certification	15
2	Vegetative propagation: air-layering, cutting, selection of cutting, collecting season, treatment of cutting, rooting medium and planting of cuttings - Hardening of plants – green house - mist chamber, shed root, shade house and glass house	10

3	Gardening: definition, objectives and scope - different types of	10
	gardening-landscape and home gardening - parks and its components -	
	plant materials and design-computer applications in landscaping -	
	Gardening operations: soil laying, manuring, watering, management of	
	pests and diseases and harvesting.	
4	Sowing/raising of seeds and seedlings - Transplanting of seedlings -	10
	Study of cultivation of different vegetables: cabbage, brinjal, lady's	
	finger, onion, garlic, tomatoes, and carrots - Storage and marketing	
	procedures.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Agrawal, P.K. (1993). Hand Book of Seed Technology, Dept. of Agriculture and Cooperation, National Seed Corporation Ltd., New Delhi.
- Bose T.K. and Mukherjee, D. (1972). Gardening in India, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Jules J. (1979). Horticultural Science. (3rd Ed.), W.H. Freeman and Co., San Francisco, USA.
- Kumar, N. (1997). Introduction to Horticulture, Rajalakshmi Publications, Nagercoil.
- Sandhu, M.K. (1989). Plant Propagation, Wile Eastern Ltd., Bangalore, Madras.

iv) Floriculture Credit: 3

- 1. Develop conceptual skill about floriculture.
- 2. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of commercial floriculture.

Unit	Торіс	No. of lecturers/ hrs (45)
1	Introduction: History of gardening; Importance and scope of floriculture. Nursery Management and Routine Garden Operations: Sexual and vegetative methods of propagation; Soil sterilization; Seed sowing; Pricking; Planting and transplanting; Role of plant growth regulators.	15
2	Ornamental Plants: Flowering annuals; Herbaceous perennials; Shade and ornamental trees; Cacti and succulents; Palms and Cycads; Ferns; Cultivation of plants in pots; Indoor gardening; Bonsai.	10

3	Principles of Garden Designs: English, Italian, French, Persian,	10
	Mughal and Japanese gardens; Features of a garden (Garden wall,	
	Fencing, Steps, Hedge, Edging, Lawn, Flower beds, Shrubbery,	
	Borders, Water garden. Some Famous gardens of India.	
4	Commercial Floriculture: Factors affecting flower production;	10
	Production and packaging of cut flowers; Flower arrangements;	
	Methods to prolong vase life; Cultivation of Important cut flowers	
	(Carnation, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Gerbera, Gladiolous,	
	Marigold, Rose, Lilium, Orchids). Diseases and Pests of Ornamental	
	Plants.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

• Randhawa, G.S. and Mukhopadhyay, A. (1986). Floriculture in India. Allied Publishers.

v) Medicinal Botany Credit: 3

- 1. Understand the traditional Indian medicinal systems and their importance.
- 2. To learn the strategies for the conservation of medicinal plants.
- 3. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of herbal medicines.

Unit	Торіс	No. of
		lecturers/
		hrs (45)
1	History, Scope and Importance of Medicinal Plants. Indigenous	10
	Medicinal Sciences; Definition and Scope-Ayurveda: History,	
	origin, panchamahabhutas, saptadhatu and tridosha concepts,	
	Rasayana, plants used in ayurvedic treatments, Siddha	
2	Origin of Siddha medicinal systems, Basis of Siddha system,	10
	plants used in Siddha medicine. Unani: History, concept: Umoor-	
	e- tabiya, tumors treatments/ therapy, polyherbal formulations.	

3	Conservation of endangered and endemic medicinal plants.	15
	Definition: endemic and endangered medicinal plants, Red list	
	criteria; In situ conservation: Biosphere reserves, sacred groves,	
	National Parks; Ex situ conservation: Botanical Gardens,	
	Ethnomedicinal plant Gardens. Propagation of Medicinal Plants:	
	Objectives of the nursery, its classification, important	
	components of a nursery, sowing, pricking, use of green house	
	for nursery production, propagation through cuttings, layering,	
	grafting and budding	
4	Ethno-botany and Folk medicines. Definition; Ethnobotany in	10
	India: Methods to study ethnobotany; Applications of Ethno-	
	botany: National interacts, Palaeo-ethnobotany. folkmedicines of	
	ethnobotany, ethnomedicine, ethnoecology, ethnic communities	
	of India. Application of natural products to certain diseases-	
	Jaundice, cardiac, infertility, diabetics, Blood pressure and skin	
	diseases.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Jain, S.K. (1989). Method of Approaches in Ethnobotany. Lucknow.
- Jain, S.K. (2010). A Mannual of Ethnobotany. Scientific Publishers.
- Jain, S.K. and Mudgal, V. (1999). A handbook of Ethnobotany. Dehradun.
- Krattigar, F. Anatole (1994). Widening Perspectives on Biodiversity. Dehradun.
- Martin, G.J. (1994). Ethnobotany: A Method Mannual. London.
- Pande, P.C., Pokharia D.S. and Bhatt J.C. (1999 Ed.). Ethnobotany of Kumaun Himalaya. Jodhpur.
- Purohit, S.S. and Vyas, S.P. (2008). Medicinal Plant Cultivation: A Scientific Approach, 2nd edn. Agrobios, India.
- Trivedi, P.C. (2006). Medicinal Plants: Ethnobotanical Approach, Agrobios, India.
- Wariko, K. (1995). Society and culture in the Himalaya. New Delhi.
- Yamin, F. (1995). The Biodiversity Conservation and Intellectual Property Rights. Switzerland.

vi) Conservation and Management of biodiversity (Conservation and Natural Resource Management) Credit: 3

- 1. Understand the importance, benefits and services of biodiversity.
- 2. To learn the strategies for the conservation of biodiversity.

Unit	Topic	No. of
		lecturers/
		hrs (45)
1	Plant diversity and its scope- Genetic diversity, Species diversity, Plant	10
	diversity at the ecosystem level, Agrobiodiversity and cultivated plant	
	taxa, wild taxa. Values and uses of Biodiversity: Ethical and aesthetic	
	values, Precautionary principle, Methodologies for valuation, Uses of	
	plants, Uses of microbes	
2	Loss of Biodiversity; Loss of genetic diversity, Loss of species	15
	diversity, Loss of ecosystem diversity, Loss of agrobiodiversity,	
	Projected scenario for biodiversity loss.	
	Management of Plant Biodiversity: Organizations associated with	
	biodiversity management-Methodology for execution-IUCN, UNEP,	
	UNESCO, WWF, NBPGR; Biodiversity legislation and conservations,	
	Biodiversity information management and communication.	
3	Conservation of Biodiversity: Conservation of genetic diversity,	10
	species diversity and ecosystem diversity, In situ and ex situ	
	conservation, Social approaches to conservation, Biodiversity	
	awareness programmes, Sustainable development	
4	Role of plants in relation to Human Welfare a) Importance of	10
	forestry their utilization and commercial aspects b) Avenue trees, c)	
	Ornamental plants of India. d) Alcoholic beverages through ages.	
	Fruits and nuts: Important fruit crops their commercial importance.	
	Wood and its uses.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Barbour, M.G., Burk, J.H. and Pitts, W.D. (1987). Terrestrial Plant Ecology. Benjamin/Cummings Publication Company, California
- Baskin and Baskin, (2001). Seeds: Ecology, Biogeography and Evolution of Dormancy and Germination Elsevier
- Kormondy, E.J. (2017). Concept of Ecology. Pearson India.
- Krishnamurthy, K.V. (2004). An Advanced Text Book of Biodiversity Principles and Practices. Oxford and IBH Publications Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Odum, E.P. (1983). Basic Ecology Saunders, Philadelphia
- Singh, J.S. Singh S.P. and Gupta, S.R. (2014). Ecology, Environment and Resource Conservation. S. Chand and Compony Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Smith, R.L. (1996). Ecology and Field Biology Harper Collins, New York.

vii) Ethno-botany Credit: 3

Course outcomes

1. To learn the proper documentation and presentation of traditional knowledge about plants.

- 2. To use important plants by the tribal communities for various purposes.
- 3. To learn the conservation of wild growing plants and their socioeconomic impacts.

Unit	Торіс	No. of lecturers/hrs (45)
1	Ethno-botany: Introduction, concept, scope and objectives;	10
	Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science. The relevance of	
	ethnobotany in the present context; Major and minor ethnic	
	groups or Tribals of India, and their life styles. Plants used by the	
	tribals: a) Food plants b) Intoxicants and beverages c) Resins and	
	oils and miscellaneous uses	
2	Methodology of Ethnobotanical studies	10
	a) Field work b) Herbarium c) Ancient Literature d) Temples and	
	sacred places e) Indigenous knowledge system	
3	Role of ethno-botany in modern Medicine	15
	Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance of the	
	following plants in ethno botanical practices (along with their	
	habitat and morphology) a) Azadirachta indica b) Ocimum	
	sanctum c) Vitex negundo d) Gloriosa superba e) Tribulus	
	terrestris f) Pongamia pinnata g) Cassia fistula h) Indigofera	
	tinctoria. Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special	
	example Rauvolfia serpentina, Trichopus zeylanicus, Artemisia,	
	Withania.	
	Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic resources.	
	Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory forest	
	management).	
4	Ethnobotany and legal aspects	10
	Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic groups.	
	Sharing of wealth concept with few examples from India.	
	Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional	
	Knowledge.	
	National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Colton C.M. (1997). Ethnobotany-Principles and applications. John Wiley and sons Chichester.
- Jain S.K. (1981). Glimpses of Indian. Ethnobotany, Oxford and I B H, New Delhi.
- Jain S.K. (1989). Methods and approaches in ethnobotany. Society of Ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India.
- Jain S.K. (1990). Contributions of Indian ethnobotany. Scientific publishers, Jodhpur.
- Jain S.K. (1995). Manual of Ethnobotany, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur, 1995.
- Rajiv K. Sinha (1996). Ethnobotany The Renaissance of Traditional Herbal Medicine INA –SHREE Publishers, Jaipur).
- Rama Ro, N and A.N. Henry (1996). The Ethnobotany of Eastern Ghats in Andhra Pradesh, India. Botanical Survey of India. Howrah.

viii) Mushroom Cultivation

Credit: 3

- 1. Understand the economic importance of mushroom cultivation.
- 2. To learn the basic tools and techniques used in mushroom cultivation.
- 3. To learn the skills for developing commercial enterprise of mushroom cultivation.

Unit	Topic	No. of
	Topic	lecturers/
		hrs (45)
1	Introduction, history. Nutritional and medicinal value of edible mushrooms; Poisonous mushrooms. Types of edible mushrooms available in India- Volvariella volvacea, Pleurotus citrinopileatus, Agaricus bisporus.	10
2	Cultivation methods: Infrastructure: substrates (locally available) Polythene bag, vessels, Inoculation hook, inoculation loop, low cost stove, sieves, culture rack, mushroom unit (Thatched house) water sprayer, tray, small polythene bag. Pure culture: Medium, sterilization, preparation of spawn, multiplication. Mushroom bed preparation - paddy straw, sugarcane trash, maize straw, banana leaves. Factors affecting the mushroom bed preparation - Low cost technology, Composting technology in mushroom production	15
3	Storage and nutrition: Short-term storage (Refrigeration - upto 24 hours) Long term Storage (canning, pickels, papads), drying, storage in salt solutions. Nutrition- Proteins - amino acids, mineral elements nutrition - Carbohydrates, Crude fibre content - Vitamins.	10
4	Food preparation: Delicacies of mushroom and its value addition, Research Centres - National level and Regional level. Cost benefit	10

ratio - Marketing in India and abroad, Export Value.	
National and state institutes related to the activity.	

- Bahl, N. (2000). Hand book of Mushrooms. Oxford & Ibh Publishing Co. Pvt Ltd.
- Marimuthu, T. Krishnamoorthy, A.S. Sivaprakasam, K. and Jayarajan. R. (1991). Oyster Mushrooms, Department of Plant Pathology, Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore.
- Swaminathan, M. (1990). Food and Nutrition. Bappco, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., No. 88, Mysore Road, Bangalore 560018.
- Tewari, P. and Kapoor, S.C. (1988). Mushroom cultivation, Mittal Publications, Delhi.

ix) Intellectual Property Rights

Credit: 3

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of intellectual property rights.
- 2. To learn the procedure for obtaining the intellectual property rights.

Unit	Topic	No. of lecturers/ hrs
1	Introduction to intellectual property right (IPR)	(45) 10
	Concept and kinds. Economic importance. IPR in India and world: Genesis and scope, some important examples. IPR, WTO TRIPS and WIPO.	

2	Patents	10
	Objectives, Rights, Patent Act 1970 and its amendments.	
	Procedure of obtaining patents, Working of patents, Infringement.	
	Copyrights	
	Introduction, Works protected under copyright law, Rights,	
	Transfer of Copyright, Infringement.	
	Trademarks	
	Objectives, Types, Rights, Protection of goodwill, Infringement,	
	Passing off, Defenses, Domain name.	
	Geographical Indications	
	Objectives, Justification, International Position, Multilateral	
	Treaties, National Level, Indian Position.	
3	Protection of Traditional Knowledge	10
	Objective, Concept of Traditional Knowledge, Holders, Issues	
	concerning, Bio-Prospecting and Bio-Piracy, Alternative ways,	
	Protectability, need for a Sui-Generis regime, Traditional	
	Knowledge on the International Arena, at WTO, at National level	
	Traditional Knowledge Digital Library.	
	Industrial Designs	
	Objectives, Rights, Assignments, Infringements, Defenses of Design Infringement	
4	Protection of Plant Varieties	15
	Plant Varieties Protection-Objectives, Justification, International	
	Position, Plant varieties protection in India. Rights of farmers,	
	Breeders and Researchers. National gene bank, Benefit sharing.	
	Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001.	
	Information Technology Related Intellectual Property Rights Computer Software and Intellectual Property, Database and Data	
	Protection, Protection of Semi-conductor chips, Domain Name	
	Protection.	
	Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights.	
	Patenting Biotech Inventions: Objective, Applications, Concept of	
	Novelty, Concept of inventive step, Microorganisms, Moral Issues	
	in Patenting Biotechnological inventions.	

- Acharya N.K. (2001). Textbook on intellectual property rights, Asia Law House.
- Ganguli P. (2001). Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Guru M. and Rao M.B. (2003). Understanding Trips: Managing Knowledge in Developing Countries, Sage Publications.
- Miller, A.R. and Davis M.H. (2000). Intellectual Property: Patents, Trademarks and Copyright in Nutshell, West Group Publishers.
- Watal, J. (2003) Intellectual property rights in the WTO and developing countries, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

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